II. AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please replace paragraph [0021] with the following amended paragraph:

As may have been understood from all the prior discussion, the type of test provided is desired to be a test that is useful to some aspect of use of the substance contained. When one understands that tests are often developed based upon the concept of markers or indicia which indicate the presence or absence of some analogue which lends itself to observation, it can be understood how the test itself be merely something that is arguably relevant to some aspect of use of the substance or perhaps the supplement (2). Further it may be understood that compromises may be made to balance the directness of a test determination with its ease of use. While ideally a spectrographic or radioisotope test may be preferred, it may be that a less precise, but more practical test be utilized. Of course, ideally the test modality may be one that is directly relevant to the use of the supplement or other substance. Similarly, merely something that highly correlates to the presence or absence of the supplement or an analogue may be used and thus it may be merely a high correlation test. This high correlation may be something that is statistically proven with perhaps varying degrees of uncertainty of result. Thus the statistical test may be one with a statistical P factor being anywhere from about 0.05 to 0.10 to 0.15. In situations where high correlation tests are not practical, it is possible or more practical to use a test modality that has lower correlation or is merely indirectly indicative of the use of a particular By using an indirectly relevant test, the user may be afforded at least some substance. information even though it may not be the best type of information available. As mentioned, practicalities of course can come into play and it is possible that the expense or processes of a more thorough test is not justified in any particular instance. Thus, the indirectly relevant test may even be a test based upon publicly espoused test modalities or popularly used tests so that general familiarity may aid in the user having a better understanding of the test and its application. This may be important because it is a goal of the invention to provide a userpractical procedure or a user-practical test for the purchaser.